

FABRICATION OF FREEFORM OPTICS & CONIC MIRROR MANDRELS

NASA Mirror Technology Days 2014 Albuquerque, New Mexico

> OptiPro Systems, LLC Ontario, NY 14519

Presented by: David Mohring



OptiPro Systems













15% 15%



70%

Optics Machines
 Mastercam
 Machine Tools

80

OFTIPRO

PRO



SBIR Partners























NASA SBIR Contracts





NASA Contract Number: NNX14CM23P – Phase I Title: Figuring and Polishing Precision Optical Surfaces COTR: Mikhail Gubarev



NASA Contract Number: NNX13CM02C – Phase II Title: Optical Fabrication and Metrology of Aspheric and Freeform Mirrors COTR: W. Scott Smith and Roy Young

Small Business Innovation Research

Fabrication of Freeform Conic Mirrors and Mandrels

OptiPro Systems, LLC Ontario, NY

INNOVATION

The UltraForm Finishing (6-Axis UFF) and the UltraSurf platforms developed by OptiPro Systems deterministically polish and measure complex aerodynamic and conformal mirror shapes made of difficult to manufacture glass, crystal and ceramic materials.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- 2008 OSA Paul Forman "Excellence in Engineering Award" for first affordable Computer Controlled Optical Machining Center.
- Optical fabrication companies and prime contractor suppliers are embracing the new technology to cost effectively manufacture axisymmetric domes and optics for newly designed defense systems. The technologies developed under the SBIR contracts have provided a cost effective manufacturing solution for DoE, DoD, MDA and NASA components.
- The integration of the UFF (CNC controlled finishing platform) and the UltraSurf (Automated non-contact measurement device) provides a deterministic fabrication solution for a wide range of newly developed windows, domes and mirrors.

COMMERCIALIZATION

- UltraForm Finishing (UFF) : Asphere, Axisymmetric Dome , Freeform Polisher
 - Private Sector installations at Universities, Material manufacturers and Precision optical component manufacturers
 - US Patent No. 7,662,024 B2 : "Method and Apparatus for precision polishing of Optical Components"
- UltraSurf : Non-Contact Asphere, Axisymmetric Dome measurement platform
 - Private Sector Asphere and Dome Measurement System for production
- Primary market focus is on companies engaging in the optical fabrication and measurement of spherical domes, aspheres, parabolic mirrors, torics and conformal/freeform shapes.
- Private sector investment into the UFF and UltraSurf platforms has been through Beta site partners and production level machine purchases.
- OptiPro Systems, LLC has alliances with material manufacturing firms who require new manufacturing techniques to test and enhance their prototype components and determine the pathway to production level quantities



Tappered Cylinder Grind and Polish Fabrication

GOVERNMENT/SCIENCE APPLICATIONS

- NASA Contract Numbers NNX12CF49P, NNX14CM21P
- NASA NNX13CM02C (SBIR 2011-II) (MSFC)
- DOD Contract Numbers W31P4Q-05-C-R048 and W31P4Q-04-C-R101 awarded by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA); and Contract Numbers N41756-05-M-1390, N68936-06-C-0010 and N68936-09-C-0079awarded by the Navy Engineering Logistics Office and NAVAIR.
- Toric , Acylinder and other freeform geometric shapes made from Si and SiC.
- Freeform reflective mirror applications for the Department of Energy
- ♦ Materials Include : Spinel, ALON™, CeraLumina™, Si, SiC, ceramics, Fused Quartz & standard optical glasses

OptiPro Systems, LLC 6368 Dean Parkway Ontario, NY 14519 David Mohring (585) 265-0160

Date : November 19, 2014











Outline

- Freeform Surface Definition
- Toolpath generation
- Grinding
- UFF Sub Aperture Polishing
- USF Polish Smoothing
- Surface Metrology
- Precision Platform Requirements
- CeFO











Freeform Applications

- AKA: Conformal Surfaces
- Reflective Light Mirrors
- X-Ray grazing incidence reflectors
- Off Axis Parabolic Mirrors
- IR telescope based on anamorphic mirrors
- Solar Energy













Input Surface Definition

- Mathematical Equation
 - Basis functions
 - Zernike polynomial
- Wireframe model
- Solid model
- Cloud of points
- Mandrel definition ...



$$r = \sqrt{h_0^2 + 2ky - py^2}$$
 $z = \sqrt{r^2 - x^2}$

r is the radius of the surface at any given *y* coordinate, h_0 is a constant equal to 425 mm, *k* is a constant equal to -3.844346977 mm, *p* is a constant equal to -3.0810743x10⁻⁰⁴















PROSurf Surface Definition

🐴 Edit Job						X
Name	NASA Secondary Mandrell			Viewport Surface Evaluation		
					ि Q ♣ ♡ ``	
Туре	Input Equation 👻					9 F900F #
Choose A	perture Type: 💿 Rectangular 💿 Circular					
	X Width	253.89	mm			
	Y Width	253.89	mm			
Input Equa	ation					
h0 = 425 k = -3.84	ī; 14346977:		*			
p = -3.08	310743e-04;		_			
mat = so	qtt(h0"h0 + 2"k"Y - p"Y."Y);		=			
Z = sqrt(r	mat.^2 - X.^2);					
			•			
	Import Existing Equation	Plot Equation				
Convention	n for entering equations Y's and Z's must be canitalized		-			
2) All multiple	plication, division, or exponentiation involving					
conver	ntion		-			
Cha	Defecti Directory			The Conference		
Change	C:\Users\fwolfs\Docur	nents\OptiPro\Freeform\Jobs		Flip Surface		UK Cancel















Toolpath Generation

File Job Process Tool Manage View About								
E 🖻 🎾 🗁 📚 🎦 🖺 🗑 🗡 🗙 🏾 🖾 🍩 📊								
Processes Tools Surface Orientation Motion Fixture Correction Tool	Path							
C Lead In	Axis Combination							
Rapid In 0 mm	3 Axis XYZ 5 Axis XYZAB							
<u>Feed In</u> 0 mm ^{● X} [●] Y [●] Z	5 Axis XYZBC							
Set Axes Positioning Order								
X 1 🗭 Y 2 荣 Z 3 荣								
A 1 🕀 B 4 🖨 C 5 🖨	Axis Align A	0	mm					
	Axis Align B	0.5	mm					
Lead Out	Tool Length A	0	mm					
Feed Out 0 mm Axis	Tool Length B	150	mm					
Rapid Out 0 mm	C Axis Plate to Origin	50	mm					
	B Zero Offset from Vertical	0	deg					
Select Starting Position	B Angle Compensation							
Negative X, Positive Y Positive X, Positive Y	B Angle Minimum	90	deg					
Negative X, Negative Y Positive X, Negative Y	B Angle Maximum	90	deg					
	Select Compatible Machine							
	FiveAxisUFF SixAxieLIFE							
	Triumph							
	None							









diamond tools

ullet

- Spherical or toric
- Tool path is a raster motion (up to 5-axis)

Bonded or plated

• Metrology can make the process deterministic

Grinding Operation



Rough -> Fine Grind











- Surface Texture
- Mid Spatial Errors
 (4-60 cycles /aperture)













Metrology Data Input

Deterministic Corrective Grind & Surface error spatial analysis

- Contact Profilometer multiple 2D scans
- Non-Contact scan
- On machine probe
- CMM



Polishing

- UltraWheel specifications
- Clearances
- Abrasives
- Toolpath orientation
- Irregularity
- Roughness
- Mid-Spatials













6-Axis UFF

- X,Y,Z linear axis
- A,B,C Rotary Axis
- Tool Rotation motion control
- Work Piece motion control
- Freeform capabilities
- Tool normal -> Surface
- Full CNC Control
- Optical Fabrication software
- Bound and loose abrasives
- Deterministic / corrective

















UltraForm Finishing (UFF)

- 5-axis/6-axis CNC controller with simple to use GUI
- Wheel size range 8 to 100 mm in diameter
- Wheel nominal hardness range from 30 to 80 Shore A
- Bound/fixed abrasives or commercial polyurethane belts with slurry
- Capable of finishing a wide range of materials from optical glass to hard ceramics and metals to sub-micron form tolerances.



















UltraForm Finishing (UFF) Process

Deterministic sub-aperture CNC polishing 10 to 300 mm optics: Flats, spheres, aspheres and freeforms





Measure Removal Function

- Integrated STIL pen
- Onboard metrology

Input Initial Figure Error

- Zygo Interferometer Input
- Profilometer Input

Optimize Polishing Tool Path

- Reduce figure error
- Fine control of polishing path





















Force vs Compression



<u>**Goal:</u>** Derive the relationship between compression and resultant force for improved process understanding.</u>



Tools: Force Dynamometer and a pressure mapping sensor.













Force vs. Compression Results





• Force vs. compression data



Compression (um)

Figure 1: Pressure vs. Compression in discrete intervals averaged between both sensors and several runs. Wheels were Ø40mm

• Polynomial curve fit



Figure 2: Pressure vs. Compression for a continuously increasing then decreasing compression . Data from the force dynamometer. Wheels were Ø40mm















UltraSurf

- 5-Axis Non-Contact Measuring System
- Scans With Various Non-Contact Probes
- All Air Bearing Axes
- Linear Motors
- Brushless DC Rotary Motors
- X,Y,C move the part
- Z,B move the probe



Axis:	X,Y,Z	В	С
Travel:	200 mm	360°	360°
Resolution:	5 nm	0.02 second	0.01 second
Max. Velocity:	20 mm/s	6 RPM	6 RPM



UltraSurf Measurements

- Surface measurement
- Fixture measurement
- In process and final data
- Sensor flexibility







Depth of Field	20 µm	300 µm
Working Distance	0.6 mm	4.5 mm
Z Axis Resolution	1 nm	10 nm
Accuracy	10 nm	0.1 μm
Spot Diameter	1 µm	4 μm
Lateral Resolution	0.5 μm	2 μm
Numerical Aperture	0.69	0.5
Max Angular Slope (+/-)**	44º	30 <u>°</u>





Freeform Metrology Results





6-Axis UFF Platform Updates

- Belt tracking
- UltraWheel change
- Tensioning apparatus
- Axis alignment tools
- Fixture datum
- Software















Freeform Metrology Results





TIPRO





UltraSmooth Finishing (USF)

- Abrasives
- Toolpath orientation
- Irregularity
- Roughness
- Mid-Spatials





Concave Surface

Convex Surface











- Backing durometer
- PolyPad Patterns
- Slurry central feed
- Cost Reduction







Optitrace 2D Scan





UltraSurf 3D Scan

 \bullet





- Raster Ground
- USF Polish Data
- UFF Correction input







Optical Polishing/Finishing Machines



OFILEO











OptiPro Systems 585-265-0160















OptiPro Systems www.optipro.com





OptíPro U

CNC Advanced Optical Manufacturing 101











Partners in Precision



National Science Foundation WHERE DISCOVERIES BEGIN



Center for Freeform Optics (CeFO)



http://centerfreeformoptics.org







35

Center for Freeform Optics (CeFO)



CeFO is a joint Industry-University cooperative research center funded primarily through Industry members

Vision: Compact, affordable, and performant optical systems will permeate precision technologies of the future.

Mission: The mission of the Center for Freeform Optics (CeFO) is to advance research and education in the science, engineering, and applications of systems based on freeform optics through a dedicated, continuing industrial partnership based on shared value, and promotion of technical advantage leading to a competitive economic advantage for CeFO members.







CeFO 2014 IAB Members







Ball Aerospace & Technologies Corp.





SCHOTT glass made of ideas







37